

Select the single correct answer for the questions below.

Answer all questions and show the solution process $2 \times 5 = 10$

1. The general solution of the homogeneous equation

$$y'' + a^2y = 0$$

is:

- (A) $C_1e^{ax} + C_2e^{-ax}$
 - (B) $C_1e^{iax} + C_2e^{-iax}$
 - (C) $C_1 \cosh(ax) + C_2 \sinh(ax)$
 - (D) $C_1x + C_2$
2. If two solutions of a differential equation are e^{ax} and e^{-ax} , then they are:
- (A) linearly independent for $a \neq 0$
 - (B) linearly dependent for all a
 - (C) linearly independent for all a
 - (D) linearly dependent for $a \neq 0$
3. The differential equation

$$x dy + 2y dx = x^3 dx$$

has the solution:

- (A) $y = \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{C}{x^2}$

$$(B) \quad y = \frac{x^3}{5} + Cx^2$$

$$(C) \quad y = \frac{x^3}{3} + Cx^2$$

$$(D) \quad y = \frac{x^3}{5} + \frac{C}{x^2}$$

4. The partial differential equation obtained by eliminating the arbitrary constants from the equation

$$z = (x + a)(y + b), \quad z = z(x, y),$$

where $p = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ and $q = \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$, is:

$$(A) \quad z = p + q$$

$$(B) \quad z = p - q$$

$$(C) \quad z = pq$$

$$(D) \quad z = xp + yq$$

5. The general solution of the partial differential equation

$$xp + yq = z, \quad z = z(x, y),$$

where $p = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ and $q = \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$, is:

$$(A) \quad F(x + y, z) = 0$$

$$(B) \quad F\left(\frac{x}{y}, \frac{z}{y}\right) = 0$$

$$(C) \quad F(xy, z) = 0$$

$$(D) \quad F\left(\frac{y}{x}, \frac{z}{x}\right) = 0$$